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10. (New) The compound of claim 2, wherein R₇₀ and R₇₁ are methyl groups.

11. (New) The compound of claim 3, wherein R₇₀ and R₇₁ are methyl groups.

12. (New) The compound of claim 4, wherein R₇₀ and R₇₁ are methyl groups. --

REMARKS

In response to the Restriction Requirement, the applicants hereby elect subgenus G2, and Group 2, drawn to compounds directed to subgenus G2. Claims 5, 6 and 7 have been cancelled, and new claims 8-12 submitted. Claim 9 is directed to a pharmaceutical composition containing the elected compounds, and is examinable with the elected Group.

Early and favorable action on the merits is awaited.

In the event any fees are required, please charge our Deposit Account No. 01-2300.

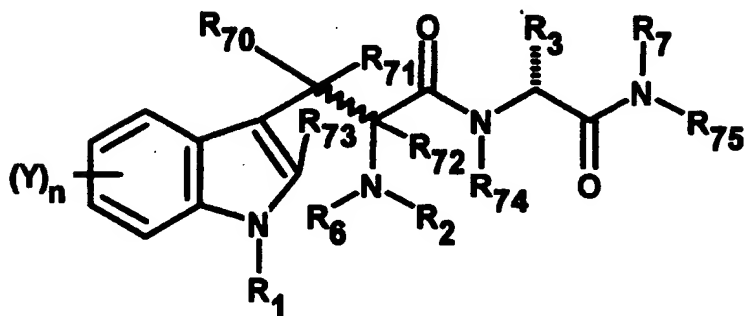
Respectfully submitted,
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MARKED UP CLAIMS

1. (Amended) A compound of general formula I



wherein:

R₁ and R₇₀ independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl or acyl group;

R₂ represents a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl or acyl group or is absent when R₆ represents a group -CH= as hereinafter described;

R₇₃ represents a hydrogen atom or an optional substituent or is absent when R₆ represents a methylene group or a group -CH= as hereinafter described;

Y represents an optional substituent;

n represents 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

R₃ represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;

R_{74} represents a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy group or an optionally substituted alkyl or acyl group;

R_7 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

R_{75} represents an optionally substituted alkyl group or $-Q'-C(O)X$, wherein Q' is an optionally substituted $-CH_2-$, $-CH_2CH_2-$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2-$, $-CH_2CH=CH-$, $-CH_2C\equiv C-$ or phenylene, X is $-OR_8$, $-SR_8$, or $-NR_8R_{10}$, and R_8 , R_9 and R_{10} independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group; and

i) R_8 and R_{71} independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl or acyl group; and R_{72} represents a hydrogen atom; or

ii) R_{71} represents a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl or acyl group and R_{72} represents a hydrogen atom or R_{71} and R_{72} are joined together such that a double bond is formed between the carbon atoms to which they are attached; and

R_8 represents an optionally substituted methylene group bonded to the indole moiety thereby forming a tricyclic moiety; or

R_8 represents an optionally substituted group $-CH=$ bonded to the indole moiety thereby to form an aromatic tricyclic moiety[, but excluding a single compound of general formula I where R_1 represents methyl, R_2 represents a hydrogen, R_{70} represents methyl, R_{71} represents methyl, R_{73} represents hydrogen, n represents 0, R_3 represents t-butyl, R_{74} represents hydrogen, R_8 represents methyl, R_7 represents methyl, R_{72} represents hydrogen and R_{75} represents

$-\text{CH}(\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2)\text{CH}.\text{CCH}_3.\text{COOH}$];

with the proviso that when

R_6 , R_7 , R_{70} and R_{71} are methyl;

R_2 , R_{72} , R_{73} and R_{74} are hydrogen;

R_3 is t-butyl;

R_{75} is $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2)\text{C}(\text{H})=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{COOH}$; and

n is 0, R_1 is not methyl.

2. (Amended) A compound of general formula I described in claim 1,
wherein

R_1 represents a hydrogen atom;

R_2 represents a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl group, or an acyl group;

R_3 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;

n represents 0;

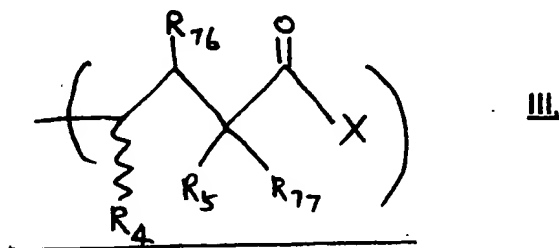
R_{70} and R_{71} independently represent a hydrogen atom or optionally
substituted alkyl group[, but preferably each represent a methyl group];

R_{72} , R_{73} and R_{74} represent hydrogen atoms;

R_7 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;

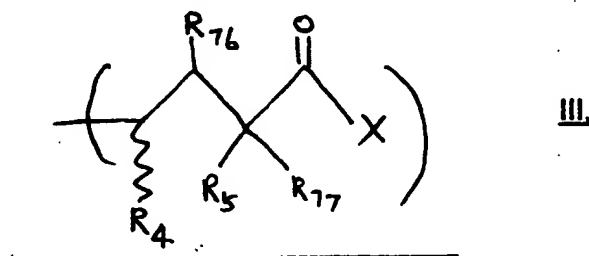
R_8 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group, or
a methylene group bonded to the indole moiety thereby to form a tricyclic moiety;

R_{75} represents a group of general formula III, [described above]



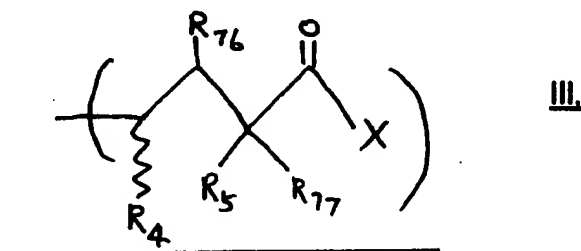
wherein R_4 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; R_5 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group; R_{76} and R_{77} each represent a hydrogen atom or R_{76} and R_{77} are joined so that a C=C bond is formed between the carbon atoms to which R_{76} and R_{77} are attached [radicals as described]; and X represents a group $-OR_8$ or a group $-NR_9R_{10}$, wherein R_8 , R_9 and R_{10} independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group.

3. A compound of general formula I described in claim 1, wherein
- R_1 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;
 - R_2 represents an acyl group;
 - R_3 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;
 - n represents 0;
 - R_{70} and R_{71} independently represent a hydrogen atom or optionally substituted alkyl group[, but preferably each represent a methyl group];
 - R_{72} , R_{73} and R_{74} represent hydrogen atoms;
 - R_7 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;
 - R_8 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group, or a methylene group bonded to the indole moiety thereby to form a tricyclic moiety;
 - R_{75} represents a group of general formula III, [described above]



wherein R_4 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;
 R_5 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group; R_{76} and R_{77} each represent a hydrogen atom or R_{76} and R_{77} are joined so that a C=C bond is formed between the carbon atoms to which R_{76} and R_{77} are attached [radicals as described]; and
 X represents a group $-OR_8$ or a group $-NR_9R_{10}$, wherein R_8 , R_9 and R_{10} independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group.

4. A compound of general formula I described in claim 1, wherein
 R_1 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group;
 R_2 represents a hydrogen atom, or an alkyl group, or an acyl group;
 R_3 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group;
 n represents 0;
 R_{70} and R_{71} independently represent a hydrogen atom or optionally substituted alkyl group[, but preferably each represent a methyl group];
 R_{72} , R_{73} and R_{74} represent hydrogen atoms;
 R_6 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group, or a methylene group bonded to the indole moiety thereby to form a tricyclic moiety;
 R_{75} represents a group of general formula III, [described above]



wherein R_4 represents a hydrogen atom, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; R_5 represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group; R_{76} and R_{77} each represent a hydrogen atom or R_{76} and R_{77} are joined so that a C=C bond is formed between the carbon atoms to which R_{76} and R_{77} are attached [radicals as described]; and X represents a group $-OR_9$ or a group $-NR_9R_{10}$, wherein R_9 and R_{10} independently represent a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group.